VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District Hemet, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of contributions for defined benefit pension plans, schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios, and the budgetary comparison schedules, identified as required supplementary information (RSI) in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor governmental fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 19, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Irvine, California July 19, 2024

As management of the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District (the District), we offer readers of the District's annual financial report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This information is presented in conjunction with the audited basic financial statements which follows this section.

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2023

- On June 30, 2023, the District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$125.7 million (net position). Of this amount, \$(873,879) (unrestricted net position) may not be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, and the District has \$106,194,338 invested in capital assets.
- The District's government-wide net position increased by \$ 1.9 million during the fiscal year, primarily due to the increase in the District's collection of assessments from newly formed CFD's.
- June 30, 2023, the District's 15 governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$29 million, an increase of \$2.5 million from the prior year. Approximately \$8.8 million of fund balance, or 30%, is in the General fund. A majority of the \$8.8 million is unassigned General fund Balance.
- The District as of June 30, 2023, has no outstanding debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. This report also includes additional required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Required Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of District finances, in a manner like a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources and the obligations to District creditors. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business type activities). The governmental activities of the District are recreational and park activities. The business type activities are golf course activities.

Fund Financial Statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. The funds of the District are governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required and other supplementary information, which can be found on pages 43 through 58 of this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year 2022-2023, the General Fund revenues were up 4.4% compared to the final amended budget, which equates to a \$332,013 increase. Expenditures at the end of the fiscal year 2022-2023 were up 3.9% which equates to \$292,043 increase compared to the final amended budget.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

A summary of the District's statement of net position in comparison to the prior year is presented below.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	Governmental Activities							
		2023		2022				
ASSETS				<u> </u>				
Current and Other Assets	\$	31,941,018	\$	30,491,702				
Capital Assets		106,252,231		107,526,343				
Total Assets		138,193,249		138,018,045				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related		2,273,234		994,522				
OPEB Related		1,475,439		1,685,479				
Total Deferred Outflows		3,748,673		2,680,001				
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities		1,929,452		2,672,514				
Noncurrent		10,965,326		9,854,909				
Total Liabilities	•	12,894,778		12,527,423				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension Related		351,596		2,487,420				
OPEB Related		2,052,574		669,965				
Future Revenues		907,764		439,189				
Lease Related		-		810,041				
Total Deferred Inflows		3,311,934		3,157,385				
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		106,194,338		107,526,343				
Restricted (Parks and Recreation)		20,414,751		17,797,576				
Unrestricted		(873,879)		(1,458,409)				
Total Net Position	\$	125,735,210	\$	123,865,510				

The following is a brief explanation for the balance changes on the condensed statement of net position for the year ended June 30, 2023.

- At the end of fiscal year 2023, the District showed a negative balance in its unrestricted net position of \$ (873,879) which will need to be offset in future years, this is down \$584,530 from the previous year due to the districts ongoing efforts to reduce costs. This negative balance is due the net pension and OPEB liability..
- The decrease in the net investment in capital assets is due the excess of depreciation expense over new construction and improvements.
- The decrease in deferred inflows related to leases is due to sale of lease receivable during the year.

A summary of the District's statement of activities in comparison to the prior year is presented below.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	Governmental Activities							
		2023		2022				
REVENUES	-							
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$	19,569,764	\$	17,356,469				
Operating Grants and								
Contributions		504,741		607,296				
Capital Contributions and								
Grants		397,952		50,000				
Total Program Revenues	<u></u>	20,472,457		18,013,765				
General Revenues:								
Taxes and Special								
Assessments		2,494,192		2,119,098				
Investment Earnings		745,579		329,938				
Miscellaneous		2,550,863		4,756,359				
Total General Revenues		5,790,634		7,205,395				
Total Revenues		26,263,091		25,219,160				
EXPENSES								
Recreation and Park Activities		24,390,265		26,141,529				
Interest on Long-Term Debt		3,126		4,729				
Total Expenses	-	24,393,391		26,146,258				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,869,700		(927,098)				
Net Position - Beginning of Year		123,865,510		124,792,608				
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	125,735,210	\$	123,865,510				

The following is a brief explanation for the balance changes of the condensed statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2023.

- Charges for services showed a modest increase primarily due to increase in collection of assessments collected from the growing landscape maintenance districts (LMD) and community facilities districts (CFD).
- Miscellaneous revenues decreased mainly due to a decrease in collection of in-lieu fees.
- Recreation and park activities expenses decreased largely due to the decrease in the investments of fixed assets.

Capital Assets

CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END

	J	Balance at uly 1, 2022, Net of			_				Ju	Balance at ne 30, 2023, Net of
		Accumulated						urrent Year		ccumulated
0		epreciation		Increases	De	ecreases		epreciation	Depreciation	
Governmental Activities:										
Land	\$	28,775,041	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,775,041
Historical Automobile		22,900		-		-		-		22,900
Construction in Progress		635,618		1,208,222		(635,618)		-		1,208,222
Building and Improvements		77,851,440		668,376		635,618		(3,438,152)		75,717,282
Equipment		177,663		281,647		-		(41,316)		417,994
Vehicles		65,559		-		-		(10,508)		55,051
Leased Asset		99,624		<u> </u>				(43,883)		55,741
Total Governmental Activities	\$	107,627,845	\$	2,158,245	\$		\$	(3,533,859)	\$	106,252,231

As of June 30, 2023, the District's investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation was \$106,252,231. The investment in capital assets includes land, site improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment. The capital assets are presented in the government – wide statement of net position. The District made improvements to several parks in the 2022-2023 fiscal year utilizing Quimby funds, park development funds, grants, and donations.

The planning process for new parks which are going to be improved and dedicated to the District in fiscal year 2023-2024 and beyond include Eagle Crest Park and Veterans Park which were accepted in the next fiscal year. Pleasant Valley Park, Country View, North Sky Pocket Park, Prairie Crossing, Sky View and Willow Glen Parks are under construction along with 10 parks which are currently in the planning process. All these parks will add over 100 acres of additional parkland which may include lighted tennis courts, lighted soccer fields, lighted basketball courts, and pickle ball courts along with many other active recreation park amenities.

For more detailed information about the District's capital assets see Note 3

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

At year-end, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balance of \$29 million, which is an increase of \$2.5 million from the \$26.5 million at June 30, 2022.

- The general fund had a positive fund balance change of \$60,161 primarily due to receipt of some miscellaneous income and not having to pay for an election, as well as the District's ongoing effort to maximize efficient operations and utility cost management.
- The capital projects fund had a positive fund balance change of \$ 794,519 due the collection of Quimby Fees over the costs for new parks being added and the improvements made to existing parks.

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2023, the District had \$10,965,326 in noncurrent liabilities and \$64,898 of current portion of long-term debt as reported in the statement of net position. The outstanding debt consists of the District's obligation to its employees for compensated absences, the District's net OPEB obligation (Note 7), and the District's net pension liability (Note 6). For more detailed information about the District's long-term debt see Note 5.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

FISCAL AND OPERATING CHALLENGES

The 2023/2024 fiscal year is expected to prove to be a challenge. The number one threat to the economy currently and in subsequent years is inflation. Management is carefully monitoring the costs to operate facilities as prices continue to increase, and management in July 2023 amended the rental fee schedule to close the gap on rental shortages for fields and facilities.

The District continues to monitor the inflationary economic conditions and will make necessary financial adjustments needed to lessen the impact of inflation. Another area of concern is rising pension costs in which the District addressed by establishing a Pension Stabilization 115 Trust along with an OPEB benefit Trust with Shuster Advisory Group LLC. The District continues to operate our facilities at full capacity and keep our parks well maintained and safe for the public. However the duration and financial impact of inflation cannot be determined at this time and we will continue to monitor it and continue to use cost conscious measures to minimize the effect.

Additional Financial Information

This financial report is designed to provide the District's customers, investors, and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact the Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District, General Manager at 901 West Esplanade Avenue, San Jacinto, California 92581, (951) 654-1505, or via email at fun@gorecreation.org.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Government
	Governmental
	Activities
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 24,408,390
Accounts Receivable	145,205
Taxes Receivable	348,431
Intergovernmental Receivable	121,232
Interest Receivable	85,486
Inventories	1,583
Prepaid Items	17,361
Restricted Assets:	
Cash and Investments	6,785,300
Interest Receivable	28,030
Total Current Assets	31,941,018
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	20,000,402
Not being Depreciated/Amortized	30,006,163
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation/Amortization	76,246,068
Total Capital Assets Total Assets	106,252,231
Total Assets	138,193,249
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Amounts from Pension	2,273,234
Deferred Amounts from OPEB	1,475,439_
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,748,673
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	1,929,452
Noncurrent Liabilities:	, ,
Long-term Debt, Due Within One Year	64,898
Due in More than One Year	
Long-term Debt	178,580
Net Pension Liability	5,197,018
Total OPEB Liability	5,524,830
Total Liabilities	12,894,778
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
	251 506
Deferred Amounts from Pension Deferred Amounts from OPEB	351,596 3,053,574
Deferred Amounts for Future Revenues	2,052,574 907,764
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,311,934
Total Deletted Illilows of Nesodices	
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	106,194,338
Restricted for Parks and Recreation	20,414,751
Unrestricted	(873,879)
Total Net Position	\$ 125,735,210

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Progr	am Revenues			N	Changes in let Position Primary sovernment		
	Expenses		Expenses		f	Charges for Services		Operating rants and ontributions	Capital Grants and Contributions			overnmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:	_											
General Government Parks and Recreation Public Works - Landscape	\$	2,720,851 6,931,754	\$	231,489 1,366,755	\$	504,741 -	\$	397,952	\$	(1,984,621) (5,167,047)		
Maintenance Interest on Long-Term Debt		14,737,660 3,126		17,971,520 -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		3,233,860 (3,126)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	24,393,391	\$	19,569,764	\$	504,741	\$	397,952		(3,920,934)		
	T Ir Ir	NERAL REVE Taxes investment Earn In Lieu Fees Other Revenues Total Ge	nings	Revenues						2,494,192 745,579 2,083,586 467,277 5,790,634		
	СН	CHANGES IN NET POSITION										
	Net	Position - Beg	inning	g of Year						123,865,510		
	NE	T POSITION -	END (OF YEAR					\$	125,735,210		

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

			Special Revenue Funds							
ASSETS		General Fund		Menifee Landscape Maintenance District		Menifee North Landscape Maintenance District		French Valley Landscape Maintenance District		ench Valley CFD
ASSETS										
Cash and Investments	\$	9,745,342	\$	122,271	\$	1,198,643	\$	4,089,345	\$	4,248,015
Restricted Cash		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts Receivable		83,439		12,595		23,353		21,357		4,384
Taxes Receivable		162,138		33,238		35,933		67,902		18,958
Inventory		1,583		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental Receivable		74,796		36,883		-		9,553		-
Due from Other Funds		113,549		-		-		-		-
Interest Receivable		45,485		3,127		-		12,057		15,956
Prepaid Items		17,177		184						<u> </u>
Total Assets	\$	10,243,509	\$	208,298	\$	1,257,929	\$	4,200,214	\$	4,287,313
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable and										
Accrued Liabilities	\$	431,363	\$	310,080	\$	382,404	\$	454,879	\$	133,866
Due to Other Funds										
Total Liabilities		431,363		310,080		382,404		454,879		133,866
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenues		54,935		12,340		14,193		35,520		-
Future revenues		907,764								-
Resources		962,699		12,340		14,193		35,520		
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid Items		17,177		184		-		-		-
Inventory		1,583		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Parks and Recreation		-		-		861,332		3,709,815		4,153,447
Unassigned		8,830,687		(114,306)						
Total Fund Balances		8,849,447		(114,122)		861,332		3,709,815		4,153,447
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	10,243,509	\$	208,298	\$	1,257,929	\$	4,200,214	\$	4,287,313

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Investments Restricted Cash Accounts Receivable Taxes Receivable Inventory Intergovernmental Receivable	\$ 6,785,300 - - - -	\$	5,004,774 - 77 30,262 -	\$	24,408,390 6,785,300 145,205 348,431 1,583 121,232
Due from Other Funds	-		-		113,549
Interest Receivable Prepaid Items	 28,030		8,861 		113,516 17,361
Total Assets	\$ 6,813,330	\$	5,043,974	\$	32,054,567
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable and					
Accrued Liabilities	\$ 67,605	\$	149,255	\$	1,929,452
Due to Other Funds	 		113,549		113,549
Total Liabilities	 67,605		262,804		2,043,001
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenues	-		11,305		128,293
Future revenues	 				907,764
Resources	 		11,305		1,036,057
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Items	-		-		17,361
Inventory	-		-		1,583
Restricted for: Parks and Recreation	6,745,725		4,883,414		20,353,733
Unassigned	-		(113,549)		8,602,832
Total Fund Balances	6,745,725		4,769,865		28,975,509
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 6,813,330	\$	5,043,974	\$	32,054,567

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Fund Balances for Governmental Funds \$ 28,975,509 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds (net of accumulated depreciation). 106,252,231 Long-term liabilities applicable to the governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long term, are reported in the statement of net position: Lease Payable (57,893)Compensated Absences (185,585)(243,478)OPEB related debts applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are only reported in the statement of net position as the changes in these amounts affect only the government-wide statements for governmental activities. Deferred Outflows of Resources 1,475,439 Deferred Inflows of Resources (2,052,574)Total OPEB Liability (5,524,830)Total (6,101,965)Certain receivables are not available and are not recognized as revenue 128,293 on the full-accrual basis and therefore are not reported in the fund statements. Pension related debts applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension are only reported in the statement of net position as the changes in these amounts affect only the government-wide statements for governmental activities. **Deferred Outflows of Resources** 2,273,234 Deferred Inflows of Resources (351,596)Net Pension Liability (5,197,018)Total (3,275,380)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 125,735,210

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Special Revenue Funds								
	G	eneral Fund	L	Menifee andscape aintenance District	L	enifee North andscape aintenance District	L	ench Valley andscape aintenance District	Fre	ench Valley CFD	
REVENUES		oriorar r aria		District		Biotriot		Biotriot		0. 5	
Taxes	\$	2,461,375	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	
Revenues from Use of Money	·	, - ,	•		·		,		•		
and Property		344,839		99,430		2,398		148,020		45,767	
Intergovernmental Revenues		504,741		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Services		2,118,937		2,518,876		2,946,443		5,903,823		2,929,204	
In-Lieu Fees		-		-		-		-		-	
Other Revenues		2,462,971		48,299		33,415		-		6,133	
Total Revenues		7,892,863		2,666,605		2,982,256		6,051,843		2,981,104	
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government		1,849,497		628,491		565,025		1,193,280		534,612	
Parks and Recreation		2,596,358		465,839		1,279		432,078		-	
Public Works - Landscape											
Maintenance		3,176,302		1,967,056		2,450,498		4,447,837		1,313,501	
Capital Outlay		177,325		-		-		334,596		12,525	
Debt Service:											
Principal		31,068		2,876		-		9,665		-	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		2,152		174				800		-	
Total Expenditures		7,832,702		3,064,436		3,016,802		6,418,256		1,860,638	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		60,161		(397,831)		(34,546)		(366,413)		1,120,466	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		8,789,286		283,709		895,878		4,076,228		3,032,981	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	8,849,447	\$	(114,122)	\$	861,332	\$	3,709,815	\$	4,153,447	

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Capital Projects Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,461,375
Revenues from Use of Money						
and Property		74,015		31,110		745,579
Intergovernmental Revenues		397,952		-		902,693
Charges for Services		-		3,152,481		19,569,764
In-Lieu Fees		2,083,586		-		2,083,586
Other Revenues		152,999		1,405		2,705,222
Total Revenues	`	2,708,552		3,184,996	•	28,468,219
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		-		797,611		5,568,516
Parks and Recreation		419		-		3,495,973
Public Works - Landscape						
Maintenance .		-		1,062,714		14,417,908
Capital Outlay		1,913,614		-		2,438,060
Debt Service:						
Principal		-		-		43,609
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-				3,126
Total Expenditures		1,914,033		1,860,325		25,967,192
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		794,519		1,324,671		2,501,027
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		5,951,206		3,445,194		26,474,482
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	6,745,725	\$	4,769,865	\$	28,975,509

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 2,501,027
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital assets acquisitions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital Assets Acquisition Depreciation Expense	2,158,246 (3,533,860)	
Total	(3,333,600)	(1,375,614)
Taxes and special assessment revenues in the statement of activities differ from the amounts reported in governmental funds due to accrued property taxes received after the availability period for governmental funds.		32,817
The issuance of long-term liabilities provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term liabilities consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. However, these transactions have no effect on net position:		
Principal payment Net Change in Compensated Absences Payable	43,609 (22,702)	
		20,907
Pension expense reported in the governmental funds includes the annual required contributions. In the statement of activities, pension expense includes the change in the net pension liability and related change in pension amounts for deferred		
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.		999,294
OPEB expense reported in the governmental funds includes the annual required contributions. In the statement of activities, pension expense includes the change in the net OPEB liability and related change in pension amounts for deferred		
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.		(308,731)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	:	\$ 1,869,700

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Valley-Wide Recreation and Park District (the District) was incorporated on July 27, 1972, under the statutory authority of the State of California Public Resources Code Section 5780 as a recreation and park district in western Riverside County, California. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the District and its component units, entities for which the District is considered financially accountable.

A component unit is included in the primary government's financial statements if the District appoints a voting majority of the component unit's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on the component unit, or (2) there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District. The component unit discussed below is controlled by common governing boards, which are substantively the same as the District's governing boards. In addition, the component units provide services or other benefits almost entirely to the District, and there is a potential for the component unit to impose financial burden on the District. Therefore, the component unit is presented as blended component unit for financial reporting purposes. The component unit has the same fiscal year-end as the District. The blended component unit discussed below, although a legally separate entity, is in substance part of the government operation and has been combined herein.

The Valley-Wide Recreation Foundation (Foundation) was incorporated on September 29, 1980, as a nonprofit public benefit corporation under the State of California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law. The Foundation was organized for the purposes of rendering assistance to the District by acquiring, constructing, and financing recreation and park improvements, buildings, and the acquisition of land and related facilities for the use, benefit, and enjoyment of the public. Separate The Foundation had no transactions during the year and has no assets or liabilities as of June 30, 2023.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Likewise, the primary government (including its blended component units) is reported separately from discretely presented component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District has no discretely presented component units. Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 in regard to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Separate financial statements for the District's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and other governmental funds in the aggregate for governmental funds.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their statement of net position. Operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in fund balance. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The funds designated as major funds are determined by a mathematical calculation consistent with GASB Statement No. 34. The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources of the general government, except those not accounted for and reported in another fund.

The Menifee Landscape Maintenance District (MLMD) Special Revenue Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for the administration and maintenance of the improvements within the legal boundaries of MLMD.

The Menifee North Landscape Maintenance District (MNLMD) Special Revenue Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for the administration and maintenance of the improvements within the legal boundaries of MNLMD.

The French Valley Landscape Maintenance District (FVLMD) Special Revenue Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for the administration and maintenance of the improvements within the legal boundaries of FVLMD.

The French Valley Community Facilities District (FVCFD) Special Revenue Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for the administration and maintenance of the improvements within the legal boundaries of FVCFD.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The District's fund structure also includes nonmajor special revenue funds that are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) fees and charges to customers, applicants, and citizens; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. General revenues include all taxes. Program revenues and expenditures are classified by function. Each function is defined as a major department with a department head and separate budget.

D. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB 96

In May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This standard defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA); establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The District adopted the requirements of the guidance effective July 1, 2022 and had not impact on the District.

E. Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as revenues from use of money and property. Revenues from use of money and property include interest earnings, any gains or losses realized upon liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The District pools investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as investments. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds on a quarterly basis based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/due from other funds."

Management estimates all receivables at June 30, 2023, to be collectable, as any receivables deemed uncollectable have been written off.

G. Lease Receivable

The District measures lease receivable at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Interest revenue is recognized ratably over the contract term.

H. Compensated Absences

Vacation pay is payable to employees at the time used or upon termination of employment. In the government-wide financial statements, the cost of vacation pay is recorded as a liability when incurred. Compensated absences are expected to be paid primarily by the general fund.

I. Claims and Judgments

When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred at year-end, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the District records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program. At June 30, 2023, in the opinion of the District's counsel, the District is unaware of material claims that would require loss provision in the financial statements, including losses for claims that are incurred but not reported. Small-dollar claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures when paid, if any.

J. Property Taxes

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties for up to 1% of the assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool and are then allocated to the governmental entities based on complex formulas. Accordingly, the District accrues only those taxes that are received within 60 days after year-end.

Lien Date January 1
Levy Date July 1

Due Dates November 1 and February 1
Delinquent Dates December 11 and April 11

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Capital Assets

The District's capital assets that have an estimated useful life greater than one year are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Capital assets include land and buildings, vehicles, computers, equipment, and right-to-use assets Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives is not capitalized. Construction-in-progress costs are capitalized and transferred to their respective fixed asset category upon completion of the project. The District's policy has set the capitalization threshold for reporting capital assets as follows:

Buildings	\$50,000
Improvements other than Buildings	25,000
Equipment (except Vehicles)	10,000
Vehicles	5,000

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings	50 Years
Improvements other than Buildings	25 Years
Equipment and Vehicles	5 to 20 Years
Right-to-Use Assets	1-3 Years

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods, and it will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred outflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and total OPEB liability.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions for differences between expected and actual experiences. These amounts are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employee that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred outflows related to pensions for changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

- Deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB for changes in assumptions.
 These amounts are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the
 expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with
 pension and OPEB through the plans.
- Deferred outflows from pensions resulting from the difference in projected and actual earnings on investments of the pension plan fiduciary net position. This amount is amortized over five years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods, and it will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has the following that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflows from unavailable revenues, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources, which are taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Deferred inflows resulting from sale of future rent revenues. the District entered into agreements under which the District sold its rights to rental payments under certain lease agreements for certain real property. The District received a lump-sum payments totaling of \$940,500. The total rental payments sold, based on the projected payment schedule in the Lease Agreements, adjusted for annual 3% increase, is estimated to be approximately \$1,906,000. The deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the agreements.
- Deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB for differences between expected and actual experiences. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pension and OPEB through the plan.
- Deferred inflows from OPEB resulting from changes in assumptions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with OPEB through the plan.
- Deferred inflows related to pensions for changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Net Position Classification (Continued)

Net position of the District is classified into three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets

Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed

N. Fund Balances

The fund balances reported on the fund statements consist of the following categories:

Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitutional, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation. The District receives funding from Quimby Fees, which is accounted for in the capital projects fund. Quimby Fee expenditures are restricted in use by the Quimby Act of 1975. Revenues guaranteed through the Quimby Act cannot be used for the operation and maintenance of park facilities.

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's Board of Directors.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts to be used by the government, authorized by the Board of Directors for specific purposes, but they do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed.

NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Fund Balances (Continued)

Unassigned – This classification includes the residual balance for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

P. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans and additions to/deductions from these plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023, are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments \$ 24,408,390

Restricted:

Cash and Investments 6,785,300
Total Cash and Investments \$31,193,690

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Petty Cash	\$ 1,983
Deposits with Financial Institutions	20,372,470
Investments	10,819,237
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 31,193,690

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	
		Amount or	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Allowed	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Bills, Bonds, and Notes	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Government-Sponsored Entities	5 Years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance Notes	180 Days	40%	None
State of California Notes or Bonds	5 Years	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None
Riverside County Investment Pool	N/A	None	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	20%
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	20%

N/A = Not Applicable

B. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity an investment has, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

	12 Months		
Investment Type	 or Less		
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 10,524,820		
Riverside County Investment Pool	 294,417		
Total	\$ 10,819,237		

C. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At June 30, 2023, the District's investment in the Riverside County Investment Pool is rated AAAf by Fitch Ratings; the investment in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) is not rated.

D. Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. As of and during the year ended June 30, 2023, the District had no investments in any one issuer that represented 5% or more of total District investments.

E. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2023, all the District's deposits with financial institutions were covered by federal depository insurance limits or were held in collateralized accounts.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

F. Investments in State Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the LAIF that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the state of California. LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with state statute. The State Treasurer's Office audits the fund annually. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

G. Investments in County Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the County of Riverside Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund (TPIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of County of Riverside. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro rata share of the fair value provided by TPIF for the entire TPIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by TPIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

H. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the relative inputs used to measure the fair value of the investments. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The District's investments in the Riverside County Investment Pool and LAIF are not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 3 LEASE RECEIVABLE

The District, acting as lessor, leases land under long-term, noncancelable lease agreement. The lease expire at 2046 and provide various renewal options. In September 2022, the Board approved the purchase and sale of telecom easement and assignment agreement. Pursuant to the agreement, the District granted and conveyed an exclusive easement in a Telecom Easement Area and also transferred and assigned all its right, title and interest in the lease agreement. As a result, the lease receivable was removed from the general ledger.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Capital Assets, Not Being	Balance at July 1, 2022	Additions	Deletions	Balance at ons Transfers* June 30, 2023	
Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 28,775,041	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,775,041
Historical Automobile	22,900	-	-	-	22,900
Construction in Progress	635,618	1,208,222	-	(635,618)	1,208,222
Total Capital Assets, Not					
Being Depreciated	29,433,559	1,208,222		(635,618)	30,006,163
Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated/Amortized:					
Building and Improvements	113,398,481	668,376	-	635,618	114,702,475
Equipment	437,243	281,647	(19,298)	, -	699,592
Vehicles	311,878	-	-	-	311,878
Leased asset	143,508	-	-	-	143,508
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated/Amortized	114,291,110	950,023	(19,298)	635,618	115,857,453
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
for:					
Building and Improvements	(35,547,041)	(3,438,152)	-	-	(38,985,193)
Equipment	(259,580)	(41,316)	19,298	-	(281,598)
Vehicles	(246,319)	(10,508)	-	-	(256,827)
Less Accumulated Amortization					
for:					
Leased asset	(43,884)	(43,883)			(87,767)
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation/Amoritization	(36,096,824)	(3,533,860)	19,298		(39,611,385)
Total Capital Assets, Being					
Depreciated/Amortized, Net	78,194,286	(2,583,837)		635,618	76,246,068
Total Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 107,627,845	\$ (1,375,615)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 106,252,231

Depreciation expense was charged in the following functions in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2023, as follows:

General Government	\$ 58,141
Parks And Recreation	3,435,781
Public Works - Landscape Maintenance	39,938
Total Depreciation/Amortization	\$ 3,533,860

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of changes in the long-term liabilities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at	Due
	July 1,			June 30,	Within
	2022	Additions	Deletions	2023	One Year
Lease Payable	\$ 101,502	\$ -	\$ (43,609)	\$ 57,893	\$ 34,703
Compensated Absences	162,883	118,698_	(95,996)	185,585	30,195
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 264,385	\$ 118,698	\$ (139,605)	\$ 243,478	\$ 64,898

Lease Payable

The District leases office equipment and vehicles for various terms under long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2025.

Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	P	Principal		terest	Total	
2024	\$	34,703	\$	1,599	\$	36,302
2025		23,190		360		23,550
Totals	\$	57,893	\$	1,959	\$	59,852

Compensated Absences

The District's policies relating to compensated absences are described in Note 1H. This liability, amounting to \$185,585 at June 30, 2023, will be paid in future years from the general fund.

NOTE 6 INSURANCE JOINT POWERS AGENCY

The District is a member of the California Association for Park and Recreation Indemnity (CAPRI), a joint powers agency composed of California Special Districts. Each member District pays for its proportionate share of its individually contracted insurance coverage.

The District is insured against claims and judgments for public liability and workers' compensation with insurance coverage as follows:

		Excess Coverage
		Per Occurrence
	Insurance	Over Insurance
	Per Occurrence	Retention
General Liability (Including Automobile)	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 24,000,000
Public Officials and Employee	1,000,000	25,000,000
Workers' Compensation	350,000	State Statutory
		Limits

NOTE 6 INSURANCE JOINT POWERS AGENCY (CONTINUED)

Under the terms of the District's agreement, CAPRI acts as servicing agent in administering the workers' compensation claims program. Settled claims have not exceeded any of the District's coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years, and there were no reductions in the District's insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's insurance coverage with CAPRI also includes general liability (casualty), automotive, property, and excess umbrella liability. There is no deductible on the general and automobile liability insurance or workers' compensation. There is a \$5,000 deductible for employment liability claims.

The District has an all-risk property loss coverage including boiler and machinery coverage, which has a limit of \$1,000,000,000 per occurrence shared by the membership with an excess limit of \$100,000,000 (limited to insurable value). There is a \$2,000 deductible per occurrence payable by the District.

In addition, the District has flood and earthquake insurance coverage with an annual aggregate limit of \$10,000,000 and \$5,000,000, respectively. The deductible for all loss or damage arising from the risk of flood is \$50,000. The deductible for all loss or damage arising from the risk of an earthquake is \$50,000 per occurrence or 5% of the value of the building, contents, and/or structure damaged, whichever is greater.

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's 2.5% at 55 (Tier 1 Miscellaneous Plan), the 2.0% at 60 (Tier 2 Miscellaneous Plan), and 2.0% at 62 (California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) Miscellaneous Plan) employee pension plans, which are cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions under the plans are established by state statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 to 62 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonindustrial disability benefits after five years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. Cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

A. General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at the June 30, 2022 measurement date are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous				
	Ti	er 1 Plan	T	ier 2 Plan	PE	PRA Plan
Benefit Formula	2.	5% @ 55	2	.0% @ 60	2.	0% @ 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	Fiv	e Years of	Fi۱	e Years of	Fiv	e Years of
		Service		Service		Service
Benefit Payments	Mon	thly for Life	Moi	nthly for Life	Mor	nthly for Life
Retirement Age		50 to 55		50 to 63		52 to 67
Monthly Benefits, as a						
Percentage of Eligible						
Compensation	2	.000% to	1	.092% to	1	.000% to
		2.500%		2.418%		2.500%
Required Employee						
Contribution Rates		8.00%		7.00%		6.75%
Required Employer						
Contribution Rates						
Normal Cost Rate		12.21%		8.63%		7.47%
Payment of Unfunded Liability	\$	404,971	\$	6,205	\$	9,308

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS's annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. District contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by pension plan terms as plan member contributions requirements are classified as plan member contributions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District contributed \$666,763.

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of all plans as follows:

	Proportionate
	Share
	Net Pension
	Liability
Miscellaneous Plans	\$ 5,197,018

The District's net pension liability for each plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the plans is measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability for each plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using standard update procedures. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all Plans as of the measurement dates ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, was as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.14650%
Proportion - June 30, 2022	0.11070%
Change - Decrease	-0.03580%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension income of \$332,533. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		- Ir	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to		_			
Measurement Date	\$	666,763	\$	-	
Differences between Actual and					
Expected Experience		104,366		(69,900)	
Change in Assumptions		532,543			
Change in Employer's Proportion and Differences between the Employer's Contributions and the					
Employer's Proportionate Share of Contributions		17,606		(281,696)	
Net Differences between Projected and				,	
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		951,956		-	
Total	\$	2,273,234	\$	(351,596)	

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

An amount of \$666,763 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Amount		
2024	\$ \$ 301,323		
2025	241,250		
2026	130,055		
2027	 582,247		
Total	\$ 1,254,875		

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2022, measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with updated procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age
	Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	(a)
Mortality Rate Table	(b)
Postretirement Benefit Increase	(c)

- (a) Varies by entry age and service.
- (b) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Preretirement and postretirement mortality rates includes generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website.
- (c) The lesser of contract COLA or 2.30% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30% thereafter.

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations, as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all PERF asset classes expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short term (first 10 years) and the long term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short term and long term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed	
	Asset	Real Return
Asset Class (a)	Allocation	(a) (b)
Global Equity - Cap-weighted	30.00 %	4.45%
Global Equity - Non-Cap-weighted	12.00 %	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00 %	7.28%
Treasury	5.00 %	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00 %	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00 %	1.56%
High Yield	5.00 %	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00 %	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00 %	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00 %	3.21%
Leverage	(5.00)%	-0.59%
Total	100.00%	

- (a) An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period
- (b) Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

NOTE 7 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Change in Assumptions

The discount rate and long-term rate of return decreased from 7.15% to 6.90% and the inflation rate decreased from 2.50% to 2.30% from the measurement date June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022.

<u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each plan calculated using the discount rate for each plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous Plan
1% Decrease	5.90 %
Net Pension Liability	\$7,627,161
Current Discount Rate	6.90 %
Net Pension Liability	\$5,197,018
1% Increase	7.90 %
Net Pension Liability	\$3,197,613

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

C. Payable to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2023, the District had no outstanding amounts of contributions to the pension plans required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The District sponsors healthcare coverage under the California Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA), an agent multiple-employer plan, commonly referred to as PERS Health. PEMHCA provides health insurance through a variety of Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) options.

Those who retire directly from the District with at least 50 years in age and 5 years of CalPERS service if hired before January 1, 2013, and 52 years in age and 5 years of CalPERS service if hired on or after January 1, 2013, are eligible.

For administrative personnel, the District contributes the full premium for the retired participant and all eligible dependents. The contribution continues for the lifetime of the retiree and, if applicable, the eligible surviving spouse.

For miscellaneous/clerical, the District contributes to the employee-only premium for the retired participant. The contribution continues for the lifetime of the retiree.

In addition, the District pays the PEMHCA administrative fee. The District does not contribute dental, vision, and life benefits for retirees.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The plan does not issue a separate report.

Employees Covered

As of the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the plan:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	8
Active Employees	26
Total	34

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established by District policy and may be amended by the Board of Directors. For the measurement period June 30, 2022, the District made contributions of \$106,681 in the form of premium payments and \$61,028 in implicit subsidy benefit payments for a total contribution of \$167,709.

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's OPEB liability of \$5,524,830 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

B. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age, Level
	Percent of Pay
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	3.69%
Projected Salary Increase	3.00%
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	(a)
Mortality	(b)

- (a) 5.20% for 2022 THROUGHT 2034; 5.0% for 2035 through 2049; 4.50% for 2050 through 2064; and 4.00% for 2065 and later years.
- (b) Based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection.

Discount Rate

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity GO AA 20-Year municipal index. The municipal bond rate utilized was 3.69%.

Change in Assumption

Discount rate was changed from 1.92% to 3.69%.

Change in Total OPEB Liability

The change in total OPEB liability is as follows:

	OF	Total PEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2021		
(Measurement Date)	\$	6,808,748
Changes in the Year:		
Service Cost		502,821
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		138,937
Changes of Assumptions		(1,774,375)
Benefit Payments		(151,301)
Net Changes		(1,283,918)
Balance at June 30, 2022		
(Measurement Date)	\$	5,524,830

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

B. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate for the plan, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.69%) or one percentage point higher (4.69%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.69%)	(3.69%)	(4.69%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 6,438,394	\$ 5,524,830	\$ 4,789,869

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (3.00%) or one percentage point higher (5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current	
		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(4.20% current,	(5.20% current,	(6.20% current,
	3.00% Ultimate,	4.00% Ultimate,	5.00% Ultimate,
	3.00% Medicare)	4.00% Medicare)	5.00% Medicare)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 4,632,260	\$ 5,524,830	\$ 6,686,629

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$521,546. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
OPEB Contributions Subsequent to				
Measurement Date	\$ 167,709	\$	-	
Change in Assumptions	1,307,730		1,668,763	
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience			383,811	
Total	\$ 1,475,439	\$	2,052,574	

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

B. Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

An amount of \$167,709 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2024	\$	(120,211)
2025		(43,720)
2026		(98,060)
2027		(98,060)
2028		(98,060)
Thereafter		(286,733)

NOTE 9 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A. Grant Audit Contingencies

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. District management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

B. Litigation

At June 30, 2023, the District is a defendant in certain legal actions in the normal course of operations. Management is not aware of any liability resulting from these actions that will result in a material adverse effect on the District's financial position

NOTE 10 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Individual interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Receivable Fund	 Amount	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	\$ 113,549	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 113,549

The above interfund transactions were for short-term borrowings to fund operations.

NOTE 11 INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

The following funds contained deficit fund balances/net position as of June 30, 2023:

	Defic	cit Amount
Menifee Landscpate Maintenance District	'	
Special Revenue Fund	\$	114,122
Other Governmental Special Revenue Funds:		
Wheatfield Landscape Maintenance District		113,549

The fund balance deficit will be eliminated by excess revenues over expenditures.

NOTE 12 COMMUNITY CENTER

On May 17, 2011, the District entered into a lease agreement with the County of Riverside (County). The agreement states that the County will convey its ownership interest in a 12-acre community and childcare center (Center) located at 25625 Briggs Road, Menifee, California, on real property currently owned by the County to the District after a 49-year lease period. The agreement calls for an annual payment of \$1 per year of the lease. The District has the option to purchase the Center for \$1 at the end of the lease. The District agrees to operate and maintain the Center's community center, childcare facility, and park area. Operation and maintenance will be at the sole cost and expense of the District. In the event that the Center is abandoned or no longer used in accordance with the agreement, the Center will revert to the County unless alternate use is approved by the County. This lease agreement was extended for an additional three years and expired on May 17, 2020. The lease is currently on a month-to-month.

NOTE 13 ELLER PARK

On April 6, 2010, the Park District entered into an agreement with the County for the maintenance and operation of Eller Park located at 25926 Antelope Road in Menifee. All operations at the park will be managed by the District and any and all fees collected for the services and programs shall be retained by the District. This five-acre park has a wide variety of amenities, including a lighted ball field, outdoor basketball courts, running/jogging track, playground equipment, and restroom facilities. Eller Park will service the residents in the Romoland, Homeland, and Menifee area. In the event that the park is abandoned or no longer used in accordance with the agreement, the park will revert to the County unless alternate use is approved by the County. The agreement states that if and when a notice of completion is approved by the County's Board of Supervisors for a Caltrans connection, the County will convey its ownership interest in the property to the District. This property has not been conveyed to the District as of June 30, 2023.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	Fiscal Year Ended							
	Ju	ne 30, 2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020
Measurement Date	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.10402%		0.14650%		0.10670%		0.10476%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	5,197,018	\$	2,781,776	\$	4,499,490	\$	4,197,145
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$	2,372,993	\$	2,027,805	\$	2,464,404	\$	2,367,573
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		219.01%		137.18%		182.58%		177.28%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability		70.85%		83.72%		72.13%		75.26%
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contributions	\$	666,763	\$	626,539	\$	520,393	\$	450,261

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

From fiscal year June 30, 2015, to June 30, 2016:

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014, measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2015, measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

From fiscal year June 30, 2016, to June 30, 2017:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2017, to June 30, 2018:

The discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%.

From fiscal year June 30, 2018, to June 30, 2019:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2019, to June 30, 2020:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2020, to June 30, 2021:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2021, to June 30, 2022:

There were no changes in assumptions.

From fiscal year June 30, 2022, to June 30, 2023:

The discount rate and long-term rate of return decreased from 7.15% to 6.90% and the inflation rate decreased from 2.5% to 2.3%

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, only nine years are shown.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

					Fisca	al Year Ended				
	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jui	ne 30, 2015
Measurement Date	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015	Jui	ne 30, 2014
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.10293%		0.10033%		0.09958%		0.10310%		0.08969%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	3,879,198	\$	3,955,018	\$	3,459,147	\$	2,828,422	\$	2,196,948
Plan's Covered Payroll	\$	2,172,665	\$	2,132,386	\$	2,202,481	\$	2,080,642	\$	2,254,756
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		178.55%		185.47%		157.06%		135.94%		97.44%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability		75.26%		73.31%		74.06%		75.27%		80.13%
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contributions	\$	398,678	\$	355,525	\$	327,337	\$	329,468	\$	241,879

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation and therefore only eight years are shown.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

		ear Ended		
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Contractually Required Contribution (Actuarially Determined)	\$ 666,763	\$ 626,539	\$ 553,819	\$ 533,936
Contributions In Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	666,763	626,539	553,819	533,936
Contribution Deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 2,467,826	\$ 2,372,993	\$ 2,027,805	\$ 2,464,404
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	27.02%	26.40%	27.31%	21.67%
NOTES TO SCHEDULE				
Valuation Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates: Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Asset Valuation Method	Entry Age (a) Fair Value	Entry Age (a) Fair Value	Entry Age (a) Fair Value	Entry Age (a) Fair Value
Inflation Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age Mortality	2.50% (b) 7.00% (c) (d) (e)	2.75% (b) 7.15% (c) (d) (e)	2.75% (b) 7.15% (c) (d) (e)	2.625% (b) 7.25% (c) (d) (e)

- (a) Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
- (b) Depending on Age, Service, and Type of Employment
- (c) Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, including Inflation
- (d) 50 for All Plans with the Exception of 52 for Miscellaneous PEPRA 2% @ 62
- (e) Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, only nine years are shown.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

			Fiscal Year Ende	d	
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Contractually Required Contribution (Actuarially Determined)	\$ 467,745	\$ 395,647	\$ 379,956	\$ 329,674	\$ 292,330
Contributions In Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions	467,745	395,647	379,956	329,674	292,330
Contribution Deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered Payroll	\$ 2,367,573	\$ 2,172,665	\$ 2,132,386	\$ 2,202,481	\$ 2,080,642
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	19.76%	18.21%	17.82%	14.97%	14.05%
NOTES TO SCHEDULE					
Valuation Date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2012
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:	Entry Ago	Entry Ago	Entry Ago	Entry Ago	Entry Ago
Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	Entry Age (a)	Entry Age (a)	Entry Age (a)	Entry Age (a)	Entry Age (a)
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value	Fair Value
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Salary Increases Investment Rate of Return Retirement Age Mortality	(b) 7.375% (c) (d) (e)	(b) 7.50% (c) (d) (e)	(b) 7.50% (c) (d) (e)	(b) 7.50% (c) (d) (e)	(b) 7.50% (c) (d) (e)

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, only nine years are shown.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS **LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS***

	Fiscal Year Ended					
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
Total OPEB Liability: Service Cost Interest on Total OPEB Liability Difference between Expected	\$ 502,821 138,937	\$ 324,581 139,630	\$ 211,182 149,989	\$ 203,389 176,027	\$ 145,126 150,917	
and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments	(1,774,375) (151,301)	(411,900) 1,429,509 (94,774)	526,664 (93,121)	(261,133) (110,052) (80,217)	(375,973) (84,808)	
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(1,283,918)	1,387,046	794,714	(71,986)	(164,738)	
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	6,808,748	5,421,702	4,626,988	4,698,974	4,863,712	
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (A)-(B)	\$ 5,524,830	\$ 6,808,748	\$ 5,421,702	\$ 4,626,988	\$ 4,698,974	
Covered - Employee Payroll	\$ 1,922,375	\$ 1,695,512	\$ 1,662,541	\$ 1,547,380	\$ 1,551,559	
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered - Employee Payroll	287.40%	401.57%	326.11%	299.02%	302.85%	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes In Assumptions:

From fiscal year June 30, 2018, to June 30, 2019:

The discount rate was increased from 3.13% to 3.62%.

From fiscal year June 30, 2019, to June 30, 2020:

The discount rate was decreased from 3.62% to 3.13%

From fiscal year June 30, 2020, to June 30, 2021:

The discount rate was decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%

From fiscal year June 30, 2021, to June 30, 2022:

The discount rate was decreased from 2.45% to 1.92%

From fiscal year June 30, 2022, to June 30, 2023:

The discount rate was increased from 1.92% to 3.69%

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 3,247,500	\$ 3,247,500	\$ 2,461,375	\$ (786,125)
Revenues from Use of Money				
and Property	261,888	261,888	344,839	82,951
Intergovernmental Revenues	890,000	890,000	504,741	(385,259)
Charges for Services	938,512	938,512	2,118,937	1,180,425
Other Revenues	2,222,950	2,222,950	2,462,971	240,021
Total Revenues	7,560,850	7,560,850	7,892,863	332,013
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	1,728,179	1,728,179	1,849,497	(121,318)
Parks and Recreation	3,388,932	3,388,932	2,596,358	792,574
Public Works - Landscape				
Maintenance .	2,418,548	2,418,548	3,176,302	(757,754)
Capital Outlay	5,000	5,000	177,325	(172,325)
Debt Service				,
Principal	-	-	31,068	(31,068)
Interest	-	-	2,152	(2,152)
Total Expenditures	7,540,659	7,540,659	7,832,702	(292,043)
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENSES	20,191	20,191	60,161	39,970
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	8,789,286	8,789,286	8,789,286	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,809,477	\$ 8,809,477	\$ 8,849,447	\$ 39,970

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MENIFEE LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Revenues from Use of Money				
and Property	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 99,430	\$ 39,430
Charges for Services	2,422,500	2,422,500	2,518,876	96,376
Other Revenues	77,500	77,500	48,299	(29,201)
Total Revenues	2,560,000	2,560,000	2,666,605	106,605
EXPENDITURES Current:	707.040	707.040	222 424	407.474
General Government	765,642	765,642	628,491	137,151
Parks and Recreation	431,630	431,630	465,839	(34,209)
Public Works - Landscape				(
Landscape Maintenance Debt Service:	1,360,228	1,360,228	1,967,056	(606,828)
Principal	2,500	2,500	2,876	(376)
Interest			174	(174)
Total Expenditures	2,560,000	2,560,000	3,064,436	(504,436)
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES	-	-	(397,831)	(397,831)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	283,709	283,709	283,709	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 283,709	\$ 283,709	\$ (114,122)	\$ (397,831)

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MENIFEE NORTH LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Budget	Final Budget	 Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES			 _	 _		_
Revenues from Use of Money						
and Property	\$	1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 2,398	\$	898
Charges for Services		2,156,000	2,156,000	2,946,443		790,443
Other Revenues		22,500	 22,500	 33,415		10,915
Total Revenues		2,180,000	2,180,000	2,982,256		802,256
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		431,008	431,008	565,025		(134,017)
Parks and Recreation		-	-	1,279		(1,279)
Public Works - Landscape						
Maintenance		1,675,000	 1,675,000	2,450,498		(775,498)
Total Expenditures		2,106,008	2,106,008	3,016,802		(910,794)
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) ÉXPENSES		73,992	73,992	(34,546)		(108,538)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		895,878	895,878	895,878		-
ů ů	-		•	·		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	969,870	\$ 969,870	\$ 861,332	\$	(108,538)

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FRENCH VALLEY LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Origina Budge		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES							
Revenues from Use of Money				_		_	
and Property	\$ 113,0		,	\$	148,020	\$	34,335
Charges for Services	5,293,		5,293,635		5,903,823		610,188
Other Revenues		<u> </u>	17,680		-		(17,680)
Total Revenues	5,425,	J00	5,425,000		6,051,843		626,843
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General Government	1,153,	284	1,153,284		1,193,280		(39,996)
Parks and Recreation	391,		391,346		432,078		(40,732)
Public Works - Landscape							,
Maintenance	3,800,	000	3,800,000		4,447,837		(647,837)
Capital Outlay		-	-		334,596		(334,596)
Debt Service:							
Principal		-	-		9,665		(9,665)
Interest		<u>-</u>	-		800		(800)
Total Expenditures	5,344,0	630	5,344,630		6,418,256		(1,073,626)
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENSES	80,	370	80,370		(366,413)		(446,783)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	4,076,	228	4,076,228		4,076,228		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,156,	<u> </u>	4,156,598	\$	3,709,815	\$	(446,783)

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FRENCH VALLEY COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Revenues from Use of Money				
and Property	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 45,767	\$ 43,767
Charges for Services	1,628,000	1,628,000	2,929,204	1,301,204
Other Revenues			6,133	6,133
Total Revenues	1,630,000	1,630,000	2,981,104	1,351,104
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	331,217	331,217	534,612	(203,395)
Public Works - Landscape				
Maintenance	914,308	914,308	1,313,501	(399,193)
Capital Outlay		<u> </u>	12,525	(12,525)
Total Expenditures	1,245,525	914,308	1,860,638	(411,718)
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENSES	384,475	715,692	1,120,466	939,386
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	3,032,981	3,032,981	3,032,981	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,417,456	\$ 3,748,673	\$ 4,153,447	\$ 939,386

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the budgetary comparison schedule:

- 1. The annual budget adopted by the Board of Directors provides for the general operation of the District. It includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The Board of Directors approves total budgeted appropriations and any amendments to appropriations throughout the year. This "appropriated budget" covers substantially all District expenditures, with the exception of debt service on bond issues and capital improvement projects, which expenditures constitute legally authorized "nonappropriated budget." There were no significant nonbudgeted financial activities. Actual expenditures may exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. However, the District's general manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between individual departments. Budget figures used in the financial statements are the final adjusted amounts, including any amendments to the budget during the year.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Appropriations that are encumbered at year-end lapse and then are added to the following year's budgeted appropriations.
- 4. Budget information is adopted for general, special revenue, and capital project funds and presented only for the general fund and major special revenue funds as required supplemental information. The presentation represents original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations, if any, made during the year. Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Funds										
_		Menifee LMD 88-1 CFD		enifee South andscape aintenance District	V	Vinchester CFD	Ĺ	Vheatfield andscape aintenance District	Rivercrest Landscape Maintenance District			
ASSETS												
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Taxes Receivable Interest Receivable	\$	343,035 - - -	\$	2,422,948 77 18,563 8,861	\$	1,210,531 - 3,795 -	\$	- - -	\$	157,983 - 763		
Total Assets	\$	343,035	\$	2,450,449	\$	1,214,326	\$		\$	158,746		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE												
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds	\$	2,226	\$	79,752 -	\$	48,704 -	\$	- 113,549	\$	2,137		
Total Liabilities		2,226		79,752		48,704		113,549		2,137		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	6											
Unavailable revenues				7,558						349		
FUND BALANCE Restricted for:												
Parks and Recreation Unassigned		340,809		2,363,139		1,165,622		- (113,549)		156,260 -		
Total Fund Balance		340,809		2,363,139		1,165,622		(113,549)		156,260		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	343,035	\$	2,450,449	\$	1,214,326	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	158,746		

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	Winchester/Hunter Landscape Maintenance District		Menifee South CFD		Menifee North CFD		Water Quality Management Plan CFD		otal Other overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Taxes Receivable Interest Receivable	\$	587,607 - 5,454 -	\$	146,939 - 631 -	\$	37,576 - - -	\$	98,155 - 1,056 -	\$ 5,004,774 77 30,262 8,861
Total Assets	\$	593,061	\$	147,570	\$	37,576	\$	99,211	\$ 5,043,974
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE									
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	13,579 - 13,579	\$	522 - 522	\$	2,335 - 2,335	\$	- -	\$ 149,255 113,549 262,804
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE Unavailable revenues	s	3,398							11,305
FUND BALANCE Restricted for: Parks and Recreation Unassigned Total Fund Balance		576,084 - 576,084		147,048 - 147,048		35,241 - 35,241		99,211 - 99,211	4,883,414 (113,549) 4,769,865
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	593,061	\$	147,570	\$	37,576	\$	99,211	\$ 5,043,974

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds										
		Menifee LMD 88-1 CFD		Menifee South Landscape Maintenance District		Winchester CFD		/heatfield andscape aintenance District	La Ma	ivercrest ndscape intenance District	
REVENUES											
Special Assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Revenues from Use of Money				07.004		0.000					
and Property		-		27,384		2,692		-		-	
Charges for Services		126,763		1,220,950		981,755		-		44,170	
Other Revenues		624		781						<u> </u>	
Total Revenues		127,387		1,249,115		984,447		-		44,170	
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government		21,111		293,455		294,863		1,152		12,276	
Public Works - Landscape											
Maintenance		11,336		826,666		114,677		17		29,857	
Capital outlay						_					
Total Expenditures		32,447		1,120,121		409,540		1,169		42,133	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES		94,940		128,994		574,907		(1,169)		2,037	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		245,869		2,234,145		590,715		(112,380)		154,223	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	340,809	\$	2,363,139	\$	1,165,622	\$	(113,549)	\$	156,260	

VALLEY-WIDE RECREATION AND PARK DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds									
	Winchester/ Hunter Landscape Maintenance District		Menifee South CFD		Menifee North CFD			er Quality nagement Plan CFD	Gov	ital Other rernmental Funds
REVENUES										
Special Assessments Revenues from Use of Money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
and Property		1,034		-		-		-		31,110
Charges for Services Other Revenues	4	51,676 -		158,469 -		51,327 -		117,371 -	;	3,152,481 1,405
Total Revenues	4	52,710		158,469		51,327		117,371		3,184,996
EXPENDITURES										
Current: General Government Public Works - Landscape		84,771		24,799		43,783		21,401		797,611
Maintenance Capital outlay		71,576 -		4,828		3,757		-		1,062,714
Total Expenditures	1	56,347		29,627		47,540		21,401		1,860,325
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	2	96,363		128,842		3,787		95,970		1,324,671
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	2	79,721		18,206		31,454		3,241		3,445,194
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 5	76,084	\$	147,048	\$	35,241	\$	99,211	\$ -	4,769,865

